Designation: D4505 - 12 (Reapproved 2022)

Standard Specification for Preformed Retroreflective Pavement Marking Tape for Extended Service Life¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4505; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers white or yellow preformed retroreflective pavement marking tape that, when applied to a road surface, will provide a service life normally greater than one year depending on wear and durability factors.
- 1.2 The preformed retroreflective pavement tape is suitable for longitudinal markings and transverse markings including word/symbol markings. It is designed to be a pavement marking with extended service life.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard except where noted in the document. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- D1000 Test Methods for Pressure-Sensitive Adhesive-Coated Tapes Used for Electrical and Electronic Applications
- D1898 Practice for Sampling of Plastics (Withdrawn 1998)³
 D4061 Test Method for Retroreflectance of Horizontal Coatings

D6628 Specification for Color of Pavement Marking Materials

E303 Test Method for Measuring Surface Frictional Properties Using the British Pendulum Tester

E1710 Test Method for Measurement of Retroreflective Pavement Marking Materials with CEN-Prescribed Geometry Using a Portable Retroreflectometer

2.2 CIE Publications:⁴

No. 15.2 Colorimetry

No. 39.2 Recommendations for Surface Colours for Visual Signaling

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 extended service life or period, n—a minimum service period of twelve months when placed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures on pavement surfaces
- 3.1.1.1 *Discussion*—See Section 7 for factors affecting durability.
- 3.1.2 preformed tape, n—continuous, flexible pavement marking material that is essentially complete and that may be affixed to or imbedded in the road surface without fundamentally altering its configuration.
- 3.1.3 retroreflection, n—reflection in which radiation is returned in directions close to the direction from which it came and maintained over wide variations of the direction of the incident radiation.
- 3.1.4 *surface pattern*, *n*—a pattern on the surface with areas of raised surface area.

4. Classification

- 4.1 Preformed Retroreflective Pavement Marking Tape shall be identified as:
- 4.1.1 Reflectivity Level I; Class 1, 2, or 3; Skid Resistance Level A or B.
- 4.1.2 Reflectivity Level II; Class 1, 2, or 3; Skid Resistance Level A or B.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D04 on Road and Paving Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D04.38 on Highway Traffic Control Materials.

Current edition approved May 1, 2022. Published May 2022. Originally approved in 1985. Last previous edition approved in 2017 as D4505 – 12 (2017). DOI: 10.1520/D4505-12R22.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from U.S. National Committee of the CIE (International Commission on Illumination), c/o Thomas M. Lemons, TLA-Lighting Consultants, Inc., 7 Pond St., Salem, MA 01970, http://www.cie-usnc.org.

- 4.2 Reflectivity Levels:
- 4.2.1 *Reflectivity Level I*—A tape that, when new, conforms to the retroreflectance requirements for Reflectivity Level I in Table 1 when measured in accordance with 6.4.
- 4.2.2 *Reflectivity Level II*—A tape that, when new, conforms to the retroreflectance requirements for Reflectivity Level II in Table 1 when measured in accordance with 6.4.
 - 4.3 Classes:
- 4.3.1 *Class 1*—A tape without precoated adhesive, for application with liquid contact cement.
- 4.3.2 *Class* 2—A tape with precoated pressure-sensitive adhesive, for application with or without surface preparation adhesive or primer.
- 4.3.3 *Class 3*—A tape with precoated pressure-sensitive adhesive protectively covered by an easily removable liner.
 - 4.4 Skid Resistance:
- 4.4.1 *Skid Resistance Level A*—A tape that, when new, has a skid resistance value of at least 45 BPN when tested in accordance with 6.6.
- 4.4.2 *Skid Resistance Level B*—A tape that, when new, has a skid resistance value of at least 55 BPN when tested in accordance with 6.6.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 The purchaser using this specification shall include the following information:
 - 5.1.1 ASTM designation (D4505),
- 5.1.2 Classification type for retroreflectance (I or II; see 4.2),
 - 5.1.3 Classification class for adhesive (1, 2, or 3; see 4.3),
 - 5.1.4 Classification skid resistance level (A or B; see 4.4),
 - 5.1.5 Daytime color (see 6.2),
 - 5.1.6 Width and length of rolls, and
 - 5.1.7 Any additional information.

6. Requirements

- 6.1 Physical Requirements:
- 6.1.1 The marking tape shall be flexible and shall conform to the typical road pavement surface.
- 6.1.2 The marking tape shall adhere to asphalt or portland cement concrete roadway surfaces when applied according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures on pavement surfaces having temperatures down to 50 °F (10 °C).
 - 6.2 Color:
- 6.2.1 The white and yellow marking tape shall conform to the requirements of Specification D6628.
- 6.3 *Dimensions*—The marking tape as supplied shall be free of cracks, and have edges true, straight, and unbroken. The actual width of rolls of preformed marking tape used for striping shall be no less than the nominal (stated) width and no

TABLE 1 Retroreflectivity Values for New, Dry Samples^A

Entrance	Observation	Retroreflectivity	White	Yellow
Angle	Angle	Level	vvriite	reliow
88.76	1.05	Reflectivity I	500	300
		Reflectivity II	250	175

^A Minimum Retroreflectivity (RL) mcd m⁻² lx⁻¹ (mcd ft⁻² fc⁻¹).

more than ½ in. (3 mm) greater than the nominal width. The length shall be no less than the length stated.

6.4 Retroreflection:

6.4.1 The marking tape shall be retroreflective, reflecting white or yellow, respectively, and shall be readily visible when viewed with automobile headlights at night and shall have minimum initial reflective values as shown in Table 1 when measured in accordance with the photometric testing procedures of Test Method D4061 or E1710.

Note 1—Retroreflectance may be dependent on the direction in which the material is manufactured (for example, upweb $R_{\rm L}$ may differ from downweb $R_{\rm L}$).

The retroreflectance of the marking tape shall be measured in one roll-winding direction and then re-measured in the opposite direction. Both measured values shall comply with the stated $R_{\rm L}$ minimum.

6.4.2 Reflective values shall be expressed as a coefficient of retroreflected luminance (R_L) in millicandelas per square metre per lux (millicandelas per square foot per footcandle).

Note 2—The values presented for the coefficient of retroreflected luminance (R_L) are presented in SI units, which are the accepted worldwide norm for expressing this value, rather than inch-pound.

- 6.5 Adhesion—A sample of marking tape, 1 in. (25.4 mm) in width, applied according to the manufacturer's recommended procedure and tested in accordance with Test Methods D1000, shall have minimum adhesion values as shown in Table 2.
- 6.6 *Skid Resistance*—Skid resistance shall be tested in accordance with Test Method E303.

Note 3—For tapes with a surface pattern, results often are quite variable. These tapes may be tested in a direction parallel to the flow of traffic and 45° from the direction of traffic, and the results averaged.

Note 4—Skid resistance levels of 45 BPN correspond to tapes having exposed retroreflective glass beads. Higher levels of skid resistance are achievable with the addition of skid-resistance elements.

7. Durability and Wear Resistance

- 7.1 Factors Affecting Durability and Wear Resistance:
- 7.1.1 Features of the pavement marking tape, such as thickness and wear surface material, may affect durability. In general, thicker materials wear longer than thinner materials of the same composition. Wear surfaces composed of harder materials, such as urethanes, may be more durable than those made of softer materials like vinyl.
- 7.1.2 Roadway Characteristics Affecting Durability—Rough road surfaces, porous surfaces, and high traffic volumes tend to decrease service life of markings. A high percentage of large vehicles tends to decrease service life. Encroachment or a lot of vehicles turning on top of the marking decreases service life. Techniques and materials used for control of ice and snow also affect durability.

TABLE 2 Adhesion

Application Temperature, °F (°C)	Test Temperature, °F (°C)	Minimum Adhesion, N
50 (10)	50 (10)	4.88
75 (24)	75 (24)	4.88
115 (46)	114 (46)	4.88